

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

(in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2015/830)



## CTX-87 Spring Frangance

Version: 3  
Revision date: 27/03/2018

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### SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING.

#### 1.1 Product identifier.

Product Name: CTX-87 Spring Frangance

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the mixture and uses advised against.

Fragrance

#### Uses advised against:

Uses other than those recommended.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet.

Company: **FLUIDRA COMERCIAL ESPAÑA**  
Address: Pintor Velazquez 10  
City: 08213 Polinyà (Barcelona) Spain  
Province: Barcelona  
Telephone: telf: 902 42 32 22  
Fax: +34 93 713 41 11  
E-mail: fds@inquide.com  
Web: www.fluidra.es

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number:

Anti poisoning centre:

ITALY (Rome): 06/305 43 43 / (Milan): 02/66 10 10 29

SPAIN: +34 91 562 04 20

FRANCE (Paris): 01 40 05 48 48 / (Toulouse): 05 61 77 74 47 / (Marseille): 04 91 75 25 25

PORTUGAL: 808 250 143

BELGIQUE (Brussel): +32 070 245 245

### SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION.

#### 2.1 Classification of the mixture.

In accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008:

Aquatic Chronic 3 : Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Skin Sens. 1 : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

#### 2.2 Label elements.

##### Labelling in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008:

##### Pictograms:



Signal Word:

**Warning**

H statements:

H317

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H412

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

P statements:

P101

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

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P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water/...
P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regulations.

### EUH statements:

EUH208	Contains (R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene,d-limonene. May produce an allergic reaction.
EUH208	Contains citronellol. May produce an allergic reaction.
EUH208	Contains Hexyl salicylate. May produce an allergic reaction.

### Contains:

mixture of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1),mixture of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)

### 2.3 Other hazards.

In normal use conditions and in its original form, the product itself does not involve any other risk for health and the environment.

## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS.

### 3.1 Substances.

Not Applicable.

### 3.2 Mixtures.

Substances posing a danger to health or the environment in accordance with the Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, assigned a Community exposure limit in the workplace, and classified as PBT/vPvB or included in the Candidate List:

Identifiers	Name	Concentrate	(*)Classification - Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	
			Classification	specific concentration limit
Index No: 601-029-00-7 CAS No: 5989-27-5 EC No: 227-813-5 Registration No: 01-2119529223-47-XXXX	(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene,d-limonene	0.25 - 1 %	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 - Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 - Asp. Tox. 1, H304 - Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315 - Skin Sens. 1, H317	-
EC No: 939-728-7 Registration No: 01-2119983293-30-XXXX	reaction mass of cis-1-methyl-1-(4-methylcyclohexyl)ethyl acetate and trans-1-methyl-1-(4-methylcyclohexyl)ethyl acetate and cis-4-isopropyl-1-methylcyclohexyl acetate and trans-4-isopropyl-1-methylcyclohexyl acetate	0.1 - 1 %	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 - Eye Irrit. 2, H319 - Skin Sens. 1, H317	-
CAS No: 106-22-9 EC No: 203-375-0 Registration No: 01-2119453995-23-XXXX	citronellol	0.1 - 1 %	Eye Irrit. 2, H319 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315 - Skin Sens. 1, H317	-

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CAS No: 6259-76-3 EC No: 228-408-6 Registration No: 01-2119638275-36-XXXX	Hexyl salicylate	0.1 - 0.25 %	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) - Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1) - Eye Irrit. 2, H319 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315 - Skin Sens. 1, H317	-
CAS No: 140-11-4 EC No: 205-399-7 Registration No: 01-2119638272-42-XXXX	Benzyl acetate	0 - 2.5 %	-	-
Index No: 011-002-00-6 CAS No: 1310-73-2 EC No: 215-185-5 Registration No: 01-2119457892-27-XXXX	[1] sodium hydroxide	0 - 0.5 %	Skin Corr. 1A, H314	Skin Corr. 1A, H314: C ≥ 5 % Skin Corr. 1B, H314: 2 % ≤ C < 5 % Skin Irrit. 2, H315: 0,5 % ≤ C < 2 % Eye Irrit. 2, H319: 0,5 % ≤ C < 2 %
Index No: 613-167-00-5 CAS No: 55965-84-9	mixture of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H -isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1), mixture of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	0.0015 - 0.06 %	Acute Tox. 3 *, H311 - Acute Tox. 3 *, H331 - Acute Tox. 3 *, H301 - Aquatic Acute 1, H400 - Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 - Skin Corr. 1B, H314 - Skin Sens. 1, H317	Skin Corr. 1B, H314: C ≥ 0,6 % Skin Irrit. 2, H315: 0,06 % ≤ C < 0,6 % Eye Irrit. 2, H319: 0,06 % ≤ C < 0,6 % Skin Sens. 1, H317: C ≥ 0,0015 %
Index No: 601-017-00-1 CAS No: 110-82-7 EC No: 203-806-2 Registration No: 01-2119463273-41-XXXX	[1] cyclohexane	0 - 0.25 %	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 - Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 - Asp. Tox. 1, H304 - Flam. Liq. 2, H225 - Skin Irrit. 2, H315 - STOT SE 3, H336	-
Index No: 607-061-00-8 CAS No: 79-10-7 EC No: 201-177-9 Registration No: 01-2119452449-31-XXXX	[1] acrylic acid, prop-2-enoic acid	0 - 1 %	Acute Tox. 4 *, H312 - Acute Tox. 4 *, H332 - Acute Tox. 4 *, H302 - Aquatic Acute 1, H400 - Flam. Liq. 3, H226 - Skin Corr. 1A, H314	STOT SE 3, H335: C ≥ 1 %

(\*): The complete text of the H phrases is given in section 16 of this Safety Data Sheet.

\* See Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, Annex VI, section 1.2.

[1] Substance with a Community workplace exposure limit (see section 8.1).

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### SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES.

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures.

In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious.

#### Inhalation.

Take the victim into open air; keep them warm and calm. If breathing is irregular or stops, perform artificial respiration.

#### Eye contact.

Remove contact lenses, if present and if it is easy to do. Wash eyes with plenty of clean and cool water for at least 10 minutes while pulling eyelids up, and seek medical assistance.

#### Skin contact.

Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin vigorously with water and soap or a suitable skin cleaner. NEVER use solvents or thinners.

#### Ingestion.

If accidentally ingested, seek immediate medical attention. Keep calm. NEVER induce vomiting.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed.

It may cause an allergic reaction, dermatitis, redness or inflammation of the skin.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed.

In case of doubt or when symptoms of feeling unwell persist, get medical attention. Never administer anything orally to persons who are unconscious. If the person vomits, clear the respiratory tract. Keep the person comfortable. Turn him/her over to the left side and stay there while waiting for medical care.

### SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES.

The product does not present any particular risk in case of fire.

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media.

##### Suitable extinguishing media:

Extinguisher powder or CO<sub>2</sub>. In case of more serious fires, also alcohol-resistant foam and water spray.

##### Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Do not use a direct stream of water to extinguish. In the presence of electrical voltage, you cannot use water or foam as extinguishing media.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the mixture.

##### Special risks.

Fire can cause thick, black smoke. As a result of thermal decomposition, dangerous products can form: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide. Exposure to combustion or decomposition products can be harmful to your health.

#### 5.3 Advice for firefighters.

Use water to cool tanks, cisterns, or containers close to the heat source or fire. Take wind direction into account. Prevent the products used to fight the fire from going into drains, sewers, or waterways. Product residues and extinguishing media may contaminate the aquatic environment.

##### Fire protection equipment.

According to the size of the fire, it may be necessary to use protective suits against the heat, individual breathing equipment, gloves, protective goggles or facemasks, and boots.

### SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES.

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures.

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For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8.

### 6.2 Environmental precautions.

Product dangerous for the environment, in case of large spills or if the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the responsible authorities according to local legislation. Prevent the contamination of drains, surface or subterranean waters, and the ground.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up.

Pick up the spill with non-combustible absorbent materials (soil, sand, vermiculite, diatomite, etc.). Pour the product and the absorbent in an appropriate container. The contaminated area should be immediately cleaned with an appropriate decontaminator. Pour the decontaminator on the remains in an opened container and let it act various days until no further reaction is produced.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections.

For exposure control and individual protection measures, see section 8.

For later elimination of waste, follow the recommendations under section 13.

## SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE.

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling.

For personal protection, see section 8. Never use pressure to empty the containers. They are not pressure-resistant containers.

In the application area, smoking, eating, and drinking must be prohibited.

Follow legislation on occupational health and safety.

Keep the product in containers made of a material identical to the original.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities.

Store according to local legislation. Observe indications on the label. Store the containers between 5 and 35° C, in a dry and well-ventilated place, far from sources of heat and direct solar light. Keep far away from ignition points. Keep away from oxidising agents and from highly acidic or alkaline materials. Do not smoke. Prevent the entry of non-authorized persons. Once the containers are open, they must be carefully closed and placed vertically to prevent spills.

The product is not affected by Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III).

### 7.3 Specific end use(s).

None in particular.

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION.

### 8.1 Control parameters.

Work exposure limit for:

Name	CAS No.	Country	Limit value	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>
sodium hydroxide	1310-73-2	United Kingdom [1]	Eight hours		
			Short term		2
cyclohexane	110-82-7	European Union [2]	Eight hours	200	700
			Short term		
		United Kingdom [1]	Eight hours	100	350
			Short term	300	1050
acrylic acid,prop-2-enoic acid	79-10-7	European Union [2]	Eight hours	10	29
			Short term	20 ( in relation to a reference period of 1 minute)	59 ( in relation to a reference period of 1 minute)

[1] According Limit Value (IOELV) list in 2nd Indicative Occupational Exposure adopted by Health and Safety Executive.

[2] According both Binding Occupational Exposure Limits (BOELVs) and Indicative Occupational Exposure Limits (IOELVs) adopted by Scientific Committee for Occupational Exposure Limits to Chemical Agents (SCOEL).

The product does NOT contain substances with Biological Limit Values.

Concentration levels DNEL/DMEL:

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Name	DNEL/DMEL	Type	Value
(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene,d-limonene CAS No: 5989-27-5 EC No: 227-813-5	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	33,3 (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
citronellol CAS No: 106-22-9 EC No: 203-375-0	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	161,6 (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
Hexyl salicylate CAS No: 6259-76-3 EC No: 228-408-6	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	0,729 (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
Benzyl acetate CAS No: 140-11-4 EC No: 205-399-7	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	21,9 (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
sodium hydroxide CAS No: 1310-73-2 EC No: 215-185-5	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	1 (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	DNEL (General population)	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	1 (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
cyclohexane CAS No: 110-82-7 EC No: 203-806-2	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	700 (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Systemic effects	700 (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )
acrylic acid,prop-2-enoic acid CAS No: 79-10-7 EC No: 201-177-9	DNEL (Workers)	Inhalation, Long-term, Local effects	30 (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not anticipated.

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be considered a tolerable minimum.

### 8.2 Exposure controls.

#### Measures of a technical nature:

Provide adequate ventilation, which can be achieved by using good local exhaust-ventilation and a good general exhaust system.

<b>Concentration:</b>	100 %		
<b>Uses:</b>	Fragrance		
<b>Breathing protection:</b>			
If the recommended technical measures are observed, no individual protection equipment is necessary.			
<b>Hand protection:</b>			
PPE:	Work gloves.		
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category I.		
CEN standards:	EN 374-1, En 374-2, EN 374-3, EN 420		
Maintenance:	Keep in a dry place, away from any sources of heat, and avoid exposure to sunlight as much as possible. Do not make any changes to the gloves that may alter their resistance, or apply paints, solvents or adhesives.		
Observations:	Gloves should be of the appropriate size and fit the user's hand well, not being too loose or too tight. Always use with clean, dry hands.		
Material:	PVC (polyvinyl chloride)	Breakthrough time (min.):	> 480
		Material thickness (mm):	0,35
<b>Eye protection:</b>			
PPE:	Face shield.		
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II. Face and eye protector against splashing liquid.		
CEN standards:	EN 165, EN 166, EN 167, EN 168		
Maintenance:	Visibility through lenses should be ideal. Therefore, these parts should be cleaned daily. Protectors should be disinfected periodically following the manufacturer's instructions. Make sure that mobile parts move smoothly.		
Observations:	Face shields should offer a field of vision with a dimension in the central line of, at least, 150 mm vertically once attached to the frame.		
<b>Skin protection:</b>			
PPE:	Protective clothing.		



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Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II. Protective clothing should not be too tight or loose in order not to obstruct the user's movements.
CEN standards:	EN 340
Maintenance:	In order to guarantee uniform protection, follow the washing and maintenance instructions provided by the manufacturer. The protective clothing should offer a level of comfort in line with the level of protection provided in terms of the hazard against which it protects, bearing in mind environmental conditions, the user's level of activity and the expected time of use.
Observations:	
PPE:	Work footwear.
Characteristics:	«CE» marking, category II.
CEN standards:	EN ISO 13287, EN 20347
Maintenance:	This product adapts to the first user's foot shape. That is why, as well as for hygienic reasons, it should not be used by other people.
Observations:	Work footwear for professional use includes protection elements aimed at protecting users against any injury resulting from an accident

### SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES.

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties.

Appearance: Gelatinous liquid

Colour: White

Odour: Flowers

Odour threshold: N.A./N.A.

pH: 8

Melting point: N.A./N.A.

Boiling Point: 96 °C

Flash point: 119 °C

Evaporation rate: N.A./N.A.

Inflammability (solid, gas): N.A./N.A.

Lower Explosive Limit: N.A./N.A.

Upper Explosive Limit: N.A./N.A.

Vapour pressure: 23,628

Vapour density: N.A./N.A.

Relative density: 0.95 - 1.05 (20 °C) g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Solubility: N.A./N.A.

Liposolubility: N.A./N.A.

Hydrosolubility: 100 %

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water): N.A./N.A.

Auto-ignition temperature: N.A./N.A.

Decomposition temperature: N.A./N.A.

Viscosity: N.A./N.A.

Explosive properties: N.A./N.A.

Oxidizing properties: No applicable

N.A./N.A. = Not Available/Not Applicable due to the nature of the product

#### 9.2 Other information.

Pour point: N.A./N.A.

Blink: N.A./N.A.

Kinematic viscosity: N.A./N.A.

N.A./N.A. = Not Available/Not Applicable due to the nature of the product

### SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY.

#### 10.1 Reactivity.

The product does not present hazards by their reactivity.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability.

Stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

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### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions.

The product does not present possibility of hazardous reactions.

### 10.4 Conditions to avoid.

Avoid any improper handling.

### 10.5 Incompatible materials.

Keep away from oxidising agents and from highly alkaline or acidic materials in order to prevent exothermic reactions.

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products.

No decomposition if used for the intended uses.

## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION.

### 11.1 Information on toxicological effects.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the product can cause the elimination of oil from the skin, giving rise to non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption of the product through the skin.

Splatters in the eyes can cause irritation and reversible damage.

### Toxicological information about the substances present in the composition.

Name	Acute toxicity			
	Type	Test	Kind	Value
(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene,d-limonene CAS No: 5989-27-5    EC No: 227-813-5	Oral	LD50	Rat	5300 mg/kg bw [1] [1] Food and Cosmetics Toxicology. Vol. 12, Pg. 703, 1974.
	Dermal	LD50	Rabbit	> 5000 mg/kg bw [1] [1] Food and Cosmetics Toxicology. Vol. 13, Pg. 825, 1975
	Inhalation			
citronellol CAS No: 106-22-9    EC No: 203-375-0	Oral	LD50	Rat	3450 mg/kg bw [1] [1] Food and Cosmetics Toxicology. Vol. 13, Pg. 757, 1975
	Dermal	LD50	Rabbit	2650 mg/kg bw [1] [1] Food and Cosmetics Toxicology. Vol. 13, Pg. 757, 1975
	Inhalation			
Benzyl acetate CAS No: 140-11-4    EC No: 205-399-7	Oral	LD50	Rat	2490 mg/kg [1] [1] Food and Cosmetics Toxicology. Vol. 2, Pg. 327, 1964
	Dermal	LD50	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg [1] [1] Food and Cosmetics Toxicology. Vol. 11, Pg. 875, 1973
	Inhalation			
sodium hydroxide CAS No: 1310-73-2    EC No: 215-185-5	Oral	LD50	Rabbit	325 mg/kg bw [1] [1] Naunyn-Schmiedeberg's (1937), Archiv für experimentielle Pathologie und Pharmakologie (Berlin, Germany), 184, 587-604
	Dermal			
	Inhalation			

a) acute toxicity;

Not conclusive data for classification.

b) skin corrosion/irritation;

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

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c) serious eye damage/irritation;  
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

d) respiratory or skin sensitisation;  
Product classified:  
Skin sensitizer, Category 1: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

e) germ cell mutagenicity;  
Not conclusive data for classification.

f) carcinogenicity;  
Not conclusive data for classification.

g) reproductive toxicity;  
Not conclusive data for classification.

h) STOT-single exposure;  
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

i) STOT-repeated exposure;  
Not conclusive data for classification.

j) aspiration hazard;  
Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION.

#### 12.1 Toxicity.

Name	Ecotoxicity			
	Type	Test	Kind	Value
(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene,d-limonene  CAS No: 5989-27-5    EC No: 227-813-5	Fish	LC50	Fish	17,9 mg/l (96 h) [1] [1] Geiger, D.L., L.T. Brooke, and D.J. Call 1990. Acute Toxicities of Organic Chemicals to Fathead Minnows (Pimephales promelas), Volume 5. Ctr.for Lake Superior Environ.Stud., Univ.of Wisconsin-Superior, Superior, WI :332 p.. Fingas, M.F., D.A. Kyle, N. Laroche, B. Fieldhouse, G. Sergy, and G. Stoodley 1995. The Effectiveness Testing of Oil Spill-Treating Agents. In: P.Lane (Ed.), The Use of Chemicals in Oil SpillResponse, ASTM STP 1252, Philadelphia, PA :286-298
	Aquatic invertebrates	EC50	Crustacean	17 mg/l (48 h) [1] [1] Office of Pesticide Programs 2000. Pesticide Ecotoxicity Database (Formerly: Environmental Effects Database (EEDB)). Environmental Fate and Effects Division, U.S.EPA, Washington, D.C
	Aquatic plants			
Benzyl acetate	Fish	LC	Fish	4 mg/l (96h) [1] [1] Holcombe, G.W., D.A. Benoit, D.E. Hammermeister, E.N. Leonard, and R.D. Johnson 1995. Acute and Long-Term Effects of Nine Chemicals on the Japanese Medaka (Oryzias latipes). Arch.Environ.Contam.Toxicol. 28(3):287-297
	Aquatic			

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CAS No: 140-11-4      EC No: 205-399-7	invertebrates			
	Aquatic plants			
sodium hydroxide	Fish	LC50	Fish	35-189 mg/kg (96 h)
	Aquatic invertebrates	EC50	Ceriodaphnia sp.	40.4 mg/L (48 h) [1]
				[1] Warne MSJ (1999), Ecotoxicology and Environmental Safety, 44, 196-206
CAS No: 1310-73-2      EC No: 215-185-5	Aquatic plants			
mixture of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-2H - isothiazol-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1), mixture of: 5-chloro-2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 247-500-7] and 2-methyl-4-isothiazolin-3-one [EC no. 220-239-6] (3:1)	Fish	LC50	Fish	0.19 mg/l (96 h)
	Aquatic invertebrates	EC50	Daphnia	0.16 mg/l (48 h)
	Aquatic plants	EC50	Algae	0.003 mg/l
CAS No: 55965-84-9      EC No:				

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability.

There is no information available on the degradability of the substances present.  
No information is available regarding the degradability of the substances present. No information is available about persistence and degradability of the product.

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential.

Information about the bioaccumulation of the substances present.

Name	Bioaccumulation			
	Log Pow	BCF	NOECs	Level
(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene,d-limonene N. CAS: 5989-27-5      EC No: 227-813-5	4,83	-	-	High
citronellol N. CAS: 106-22-9      EC No: 203-375-0	4,04	-	-	High
Benzyl acetate N. CAS: 140-11-4      EC No: 205-399-7	1,96	-	-	Very low
cyclohexane N. CAS: 110-82-7      EC No: 203-806-2	3,44	-	-	Moderate
acrylic acid,prop-2-enoic acid N. CAS: 79-10-7      EC No: 201-177-9	0,35	-	-	Very low

### 12.4 Mobility in soil.

No information is available about the mobility in soil.  
The product must not be allowed to go into sewers or waterways.  
Prevent penetration into the ground.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment.

No information is available about the results of PBT and vPvB assessment of the product.

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### 12.6 Other adverse effects.

No information is available about other adverse effects for the environment.

## SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS.

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods.

Do not dump into sewers or waterways. Waste and empty containers must be handled and eliminated according to current, local/national legislation.

Follow the provisions of Directive 2008/98/EC regarding waste management.

## SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION.

Transportation is not dangerous. In case of road accident causing the product's spillage, proceed in accordance with point 6.

### 14.1 UN number.

Transportation is not dangerous.

### 14.2 UN proper shipping name.

Description:

ADR: Transportation is not dangerous.

IMDG: Transportation is not dangerous.

ICAO/IATA: Transportation is not dangerous.

### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es).

Transportation is not dangerous.

### 14.4 Packing group.

Transportation is not dangerous.

### 14.5 Environmental hazards.

Transportation is not dangerous.

### 14.6 Special precautions for user.

Transportation is not dangerous.

### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code.

Transportation is not dangerous.

## SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION.

### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the mixture.

The product is not affected by the Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 September 2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer.

Product classification according to Annex I of Directive 2012/18/EU (SEVESO III): N/A

The product is not affected by Regulation (EU) No 528/2012 concerning the making available on the market and use of biocidal products.

The product is not affected by the procedure established Regulation (EU) No 649/2012, concerning the export and import of dangerous chemicals.

Kind of pollutant for the water (Germany): WGK 2: Hazardous for the water. (Autoclassified according to the AwSV Regulations)

### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment.

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance/mixture by the supplier.

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### SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION.

Complete text of the H phrases that appear in section 3:

H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Classification codes:

Acute Tox. 3 : Acute toxicity (Dermal), Category 3  
Acute Tox. 3 : Acute toxicity (Inhalation), Category 3  
Acute Tox. 3 : Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 3  
Acute Tox. 4 : Acute toxicity (Dermal), Category 4  
Acute Tox. 4 : Acute toxicity (Inhalation), Category 4  
Acute Tox. 4 : Acute toxicity (Oral), Category 4  
Aquatic Acute 1 : Acute toxicity to the aquatic environment, Category 1  
Aquatic Chronic 1 : Chronic effect to the aquatic environment, Category 1  
Aquatic Chronic 2 : Chronic effect to the aquatic environment, Category 2  
Aquatic Chronic 3 : Chronic effect to the aquatic environment, Category 3  
Asp. Tox. 1 : Aspiration toxicity, Category 1  
Eye Irrit. 2 : Eye irritation, Category 2  
Flam. Liq. 2 : Flammable liquid, Category 2  
Flam. Liq. 3 : Flammable liquid, Category 3  
Skin Corr. 1A : Skin Corrosive, Category 1A  
Skin Corr. 1B : Skin Corrosive, Category 1B  
Skin Irrit. 2 : Skin irritant, Category 2  
Skin Sens. 1 : Skin sensitiser, Category 1  
STOT SE 3 : Specific target organ toxicity following a single exposure, Category 3

Sections changed compared with the previous version:

1,16

It is advisable to carry out basic training with regard to health and safety at work in order to handle this product correctly.

Abbreviations and acronyms used:

AwSV: Facility Regulations for handling substances that are hazardous for the water.  
BCF: Bioconcentration factor.  
CEN: European Committee for Standardization.  
DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level, exposure level corresponding to a low risk, that risk should be considered a tolerable minimum.  
DNEL: Derived No Effect Level, level of exposure to the substance below which adverse effects are not anticipated.  
EC50: Half maximal effective concentration.

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PPE: Personal protection equipment.  
LC50: Lethal concentration, 50%.  
LD50: Lethal dose, 50%.  
Log Pow: Logarithm of the partition octanol-water.  
NOEC: No observed effect concentration.  
WGK: Water hazard classes.

Key literature references and sources for data:

<http://eur-lex.europa.eu/homepage.html>

<http://echa.europa.eu/>

Regulation (EU) 2015/830.

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.

Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008.

The information given in this Safety Data Sheet has been drafted in accordance with COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC.

The information in this Safety Data Sheet on the Preparation is based on current knowledge and on current EC and national laws, as far as the working conditions of the users is beyond our knowledge and control. The product must not be used for purposes other than those that are specified without first having written instructions on how to handle. It is always the responsibility of the user to take the appropriate measures in order to comply with the requirements established by current legislation. The information contained in this Safety Sheet only states a description of the safety requirements for the preparation, and it must not be considered as a guarantee of its properties.